Engineering Physics I PHYS 1210

Name _____

Spring 2015

Equations
$\rho = m / V$
P = F / A
$P = P_0 + \rho g h$

Archimedes Principle

Discussion 10 – Fluids (Ch 12) Continuity Equation $A_1 v_1 = A_2 v_2$

 $\frac{dV}{dt} = Av$

 $F_B = \rho_f V_f g$

Bernoulli's Equation $P_1 + \rho g y_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2 = P_2 + \rho g y_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2$

 $1 \text{ atm} = 14.7 \text{ psi} (\text{lbs/in}^2) = 101,000 \text{ Pa}$

Material	Density (kg/m ³)*	Material	Density (kg/m ³)*
Air (1 atm, 20°C)	1.20	Iron, steel	7.8×10^3
Ethanol	0.81×10^{3}	Brass	$8.6 imes 10^3$
Benzene	0.90×10^{3}	Copper	$8.9 imes 10^3$
Ice	$0.92 imes 10^3$	Silver	10.5×10^3
Water	1.00×10^{3}	Lead	11.3×10^{3}
Seawater	1.03×10^{3}	Mercury	13.6×10^{3}
Blood	1.06×10^{3}	Gold	19.3×10^{3}
Glycerine	1.26×10^{3}	Platinum	21.4×10^3
Concrete	$2 imes 10^3$	White dwarf star	10 ¹⁰
Aluminum	2.7×10^3	Neutron star	10 ¹⁸

Table 12.1 Densities of Some Common Substances

*To obtain the densities in grams per cubic centimeter, simply divide by 10^3 .

 0.179 kg/m^3 Helium

Problems (Young & Freedman 13e, Giancoli 4e)

12.2 •• A cube 5.0 cm on each side is made of a metal alloy. After you drill a cylindrical hole 2.0 cm in diameter all the way through and perpendicular to one face, you find that the cube weighs 7.50 N. (a) What is the density of this metal? (b) What did the cube weigh before you drilled the hole in it?

(c) What type of metal is this?

12.25 • A 950-kg cylindrical can buoy floats vertically in salt water. The diameter of the buoy is 0.900 m. Calculate the additional distance the buoy will sink when a 70.0-kg man stands on top of it.

Hint: Buoy starts out only partially submerged, and becomes slightly more submerged.

27. (I) A geologist finds that a Moon rock whose mass is 9.28 kg has an apparent mass of 6.18 kg when submerged in water. What is the density of the rock?

Hint: There's many approaches to this problem, but I think starting with a FBD is the most straightforward.

EXAMPLE 13–15 Flow and pressure in a hot-water heating system. Water circulates throughout a house in a hot-water heating system. If the water is pumped at a speed of 0.50 m/s through a 4.0-cm-diameter pipe in the basement under a pressure of 3.0 atm, what will be the flow speed and pressure in a 2.6-cm-diameter pipe on the second floor 5.0 m above? Assume the pipes do not divide into branches.

12.89 • **CP** Water stands at a depth H in a large, open tank whose side walls are vertical (Fig. P12.89). A hole is made in one of the walls at a depth h below the water surface. (a) At what distance R from the foot of the wall does the emerging stream strike the floor? (b) How far above the bottom of the tank could a second hole be cut so that the stream emerging from it could have the same range as for the first hole?

Figure **P12.89**



Hint: Find the velocity using Bernoulli, then find R using kinematics (Ch 2).