

Notes on errors and uncertainties

average your three errors: $100 \times \frac{(q_{\text{angle}} - q_{\text{pail}})}{q_{\text{pail}}}$ #1

$100 \frac{(q_{\text{angle}} - q_{\text{pail}})}{q_{\text{pail}}}$ #2

uncertainty on average error is $\sigma/\sqrt{3}$

Also, every # in the text and tables should have an uncert.

e.g. $q_{\text{pail}} \#1$ has uncert. of $\sim 0.5 \text{ nC}$ based on fluctuations on laptop read out

ch 05 practice 2 oppositely charge balls, of magnitude 72.0 nC



There's an external field E_{ext}

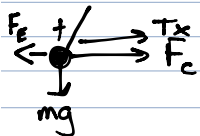
angle $\theta = 58.0^\circ$ $L = 0.530 \text{ m}$

$m = 6.80 \text{ mg}$

a) which is positive?

$\vec{F}_{\text{external } E} = qE_{\text{external}} \Rightarrow$ left ball is +

b) what is \vec{E} ?



$\sum F_y = 0$ $mg = T \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \rightarrow T = \frac{mg}{\cos \theta/2}$

$\frac{L}{2}$ where $\sin \frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{r}{L}$

$\sum F_x = 0$

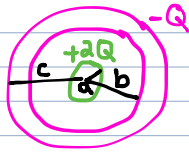
$L \rightarrow \frac{kq^2}{r^2} + T \sin \frac{\theta}{2} - qE = 0$

$\rightarrow E = \frac{kq^2}{(2L \sin \theta/2)^2} + mg \tan \theta/2$

More Gauss' Law

example solid conducting sphere inside a non-conducting shell with charge uniformly distributed throughout the shell

a) $r < a$



b) $a < r < b$

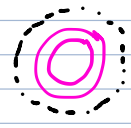
$$Q_{\text{encl}} = 0 \Rightarrow E = 0$$

$$Q_{\text{encl}} = 2Q \rightarrow E = \frac{K2Q}{r^2}$$

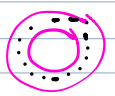


c) $r > c$

$$Q_{\text{encl}} = +1Q \rightarrow E = \frac{KQ}{r^2}$$



d) $b < r < c$

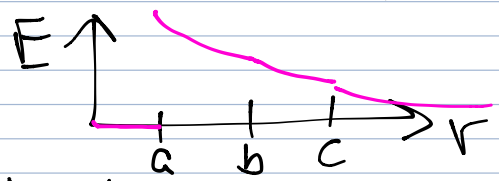


$$Q_{\text{enc}} = 2Q + (\text{fraction of } -Q)$$

$$= 2Q + \frac{4\pi}{3} (r^3 - b^3) \frac{-Q}{\frac{4\pi}{3} (c^3 - b^3)} \equiv \beta$$

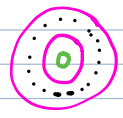
$$\int E dA = E 4\pi r^2 = \beta / \epsilon_0$$

$$\Rightarrow E = \frac{KQ}{r^2} \left[2 - \frac{r^3 - b^3}{c^3 - b^3} \right]$$



What if the shell were conducting?

d) $b < r < c$



We need $E=0$ inside the shell

$\Rightarrow Q_{\text{encl}} = 0 \Rightarrow$ need $-2Q$ on inner surface of shell

$\Rightarrow +1Q$ on outer surface

