Name		Section	
------	--	---------	--

## Physics 1210 Exam 2 10 March 2011

This test is closed-note and closed-book. No written, printed, or recorded material is permitted. Calculators are permitted but computers are not. No collaboration, consultation, or communication with other people (other than the administrator) is allowed by any means, including but not limited to verbal, written, or electronic methods. Sharing of calculators is prohibited. If you have a question about the test, please raise your hand. For multiple choice, you may choose two answers, and if one is correct, receive half credit, etc. For full credit on written problems, show the full thought process from basic equations to final results.

$$V_{avg} = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t} \quad a_{avg} = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} \quad a_{rad} = \frac{v^2}{R} = \frac{4\pi R^2}{T^2} \quad \text{For} \quad 1mi = 5280 \, ft = 1760 \, m$$

$$1Calorie = 4200 \, J$$

$$x_1 = x_0 + v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \quad v_1 = v_0 + a t \quad v_1^2 = v_0^2 + 2a \, (x_1 - x_0) \quad 1Ton = 2000 \, lbs$$

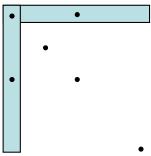
$$\Sigma \, \overline{F} = m \, \overline{a} \quad F_{spring} = -kx \quad F_f = \mu \, F_n$$

$$W = \overline{F} \cdot \overline{s} \quad W = \Delta K \quad U_s = \frac{1}{2} k x^2 \quad U_g = mgy \quad P = \frac{\Delta W}{\Delta t} = F v \quad W_{grav} = -\Delta U$$

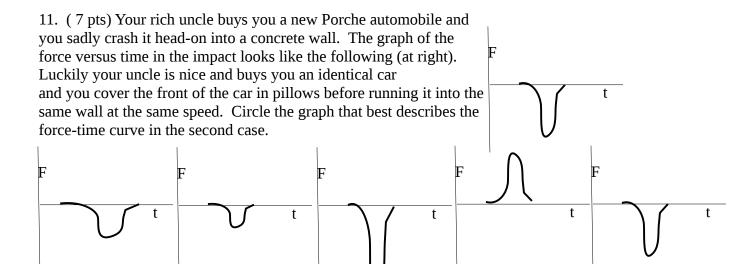
$$p = mv \quad J = \Delta (mv) = Ft \quad X_{cm} = \frac{\sum m_i x_i}{\sum m_i}$$

- 1. (7 pts) A box of mass M falls from a height H onto a spring and comes to a halt when compressed a distance X. A second box of mass M falls from height 2 H onto a different but identical spring. Assume that H is much larger than the size of a spring. Compared to the first case, the second spring compression distance when the box comes to a rest will be
- A. ½ X B. X C. 1.4X D. 2X E. 4X
- 2. (7 pts) The elastic energy stored in an unusual compound spring (a spring consisting of two separate springs) is given by  $U(x)=2x^2-4x$ . When x=2 m, the force that the spring exerts is A. Zero B. Negative C. Positive D. Infinity E. Cannot be determined from given information
- 3. (7 pts) When you turn a corner in your car on a normal day on a normal road, what is it that is responsible for your car turning rather than going straight?
- A. The centrifugal force of your car's motion
- B. The coefficient of kinetic friction
- C. The coefficient of static friction
- D. The coefficient of rolling friction
- E. Both A and D.
- 4. (7 pts) A pendulum bob is hanging by a massless wire and is swing back and forth in a vertical plane. Which of the following statement is correct?
- A. the centripetal force is provided by the gravity only.
- B. the centripetal force is provided by the tension force only.
- C. the centripetal force is provided by the net of the gravity and tension forces.
- D. there is no centripetal force involved in the situation.
- 5. (4 pts each) In a sentence or two, give one example for each of the following situations. (You might want to use diagrams to better explain your answers)
- A. A normal force does negative work
- B. A tension force does positive work

6. (7 pts) Two geometrically identical bars with the same mass are put together according to the following figure. Circle the correct location of the center of mass of this two-bar system.



- 7. (7 pts) A heavy truck and a small car are traveling at speed V on the same road. They both slam on their brakes and skid to a halt. They both have the same tires, so the coefficient of friction is the same.
  - A. The car stops in less distance, but they both stop in the same time.
  - B. The truck stops in less distance, but they both stop in the same time
  - C. The truck stops in the least distance and in the least time
  - D. The car stops in the least distance and in the least time.
  - E. They both come to a stop in the same distance and same time.
- 8. (7 pts) A feather falls to the surface of the moon and experiences no air resistance. As it falls, which one of these statements is true?
  - A. The feather's mechanical energy is constant.
  - B. The feather's kinetic energy is constant.
  - C. The feather's gravitational potential energy is constant.
  - D. The feather's momentum is constant.
  - E. None of the above
- 9. (7 pts) Cart 1, with mass  $m_1$ , collides perfectly elastically on a frictionless track with cart 2, which has mass  $m_2$ . Before the collision, cart 1 travels with velocity  $v_{1i}$  and cart 2 is at rest but free to move. Which condition is necessary to ensure that  $v_{1f}$ , the velocity of cart 1 after the elastic collision, is in the direction opposite to the direction of its initial velocity  $v_{1i}$ ?
  - A.  $m_1 > m_2$ .
  - B.  $m_1 = 0$ .
  - C.  $m_2 = 0$ .
  - D.  $m_1 = \infty$ .
  - E.  $m_1 < m_2$ .
  - F.  $m_1 = m_2$ .
- 10. (7 pts) A solid, rigid sphere is wedged in a joint between two rigid, frictionless plates. One plate is vertical and the other is inclined at an angle 45° above horizontal. The magnitude of the normal force exerted by the vertical wall on the ball is:
  - A. greater than the sphere's weight.
  - B. equal to the sphere's weight.
  - C. less than the sphere's weight but greater than zero.
  - D. zero.
  - E. impossible to determine.



12. (20 pts) A 2.00 Kg block is pushed against a spring with negligible mass and force constant k = 400N/m, compressing it 0.220 m. When the block is released, it moves along a frictionless, horizontal surface and then up a frictionless incline with slope  $37.0^{\circ}$ .

A. What is the speed of the block as it slides along the horizontal surface after having left the spring?

B. How far does the block travel up the incline before starting to slide back down?

13. (25 pts) Two ships, the 30,000-ton *Josephine Baker* and the 50,000-ton *Malcolm Mclean*, collide at sea. Immediately before the collision, the *Baker* was traveling due east at 8.0 m/s, and the *Maclean* was traveling due south at 10.0 m/s. Immediately after the collision, the *Baker*'s velocity was 6.5 m/s due south. What was the velocity (speed and direction) of the *McLean* immediately after the collision? (specify the direction of the McLean relative to north).

14.(25 pts) A box of mass M at a shipping office initially slides at speed v starting from the bottom and slides up a ramp of length L and angle  $\theta$  and coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_1$  before cresting the top and sliding down a ramp of the same length L and coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu_2$  and angle  $\phi$ . Give an expression for  $v_f$ , the final speed of the box at the bottom of the second ramp, in terms of any of the given symbols and possibly g. (Use the methods of this section of the class rather than the methods of chapter 2).

