

Physics 1210
Spring 2016
Prof. Jang-Condell

Equation Sheet For Exam #2

Kinematics $v_{\text{avg}} = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$ $\vec{v} = \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt}$ $a_{\text{avg}} = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$ $\vec{a} = \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt}$ $g = 9.80 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$x_1 = x_0 + v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \quad v_1 = v_0 + a t \quad v_1^2 = v_0^2 + 2a(x_1 - x_0) \quad a_{\text{rad}} = \frac{v^2}{R} = \frac{4\pi^2 R}{T^2}$$

$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a} \quad \vec{w} = m\vec{g} \quad f_s \leq \mu_s N \quad f_k = \mu_k N \quad f = k v \quad f = D v^2 \quad f_{\text{spring}} = -kx$$

Momentum/Impulse $\vec{p} = m\vec{v}$ $J = \Delta(mv) = F\Delta t$ $x_{\text{cm}} = \frac{\sum m_i x_i}{\sum m_i}$

Work/Energy $W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{s} = F s \cos\theta$ $K_1 + U_1 + W_{\text{other}} = K_2 + U_2$ $P = \frac{\Delta W}{\Delta t} = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{v}$

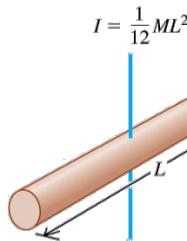
$$W = \Delta K \quad K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 \quad U_{\text{spring}} = \frac{1}{2}kx^2 \quad U_{\text{grav}} = mgy \quad F = -\frac{dU}{dx}$$

Angular Motion

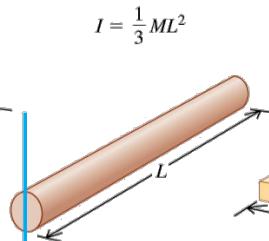
$\omega = \frac{d\theta}{dt}$	$\alpha = \frac{d\omega}{dt}$	$\theta_1 = \theta_0 + \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^2$	$\omega_1 = \omega_0 + \alpha t$	$\omega_1^2 = \omega_0^2 + 2\alpha(\theta_1 - \theta_0)$
$s = r\theta$		$v = r\omega$	$a_{\tan} = r\alpha$	$a_{\text{rad}} = \omega^2 r$
				$2\pi = 360^\circ$

$$I = \sum_i m_i r_i^2 \quad I = I_{\text{cm}} + M d^2$$

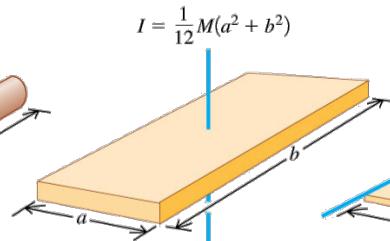
(a) Slender rod,
axis through center



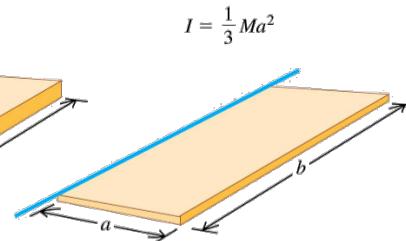
(b) Slender rod,
axis through one end



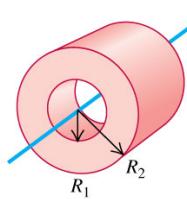
(c) Rectangular plate,
axis through center



(d) Thin rectangular plate,
axis along edge

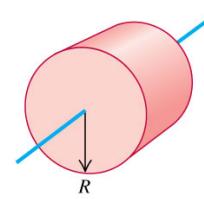


(e) Hollow cylinder



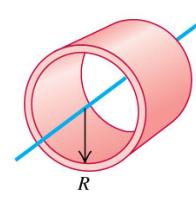
$$I = \frac{1}{2}M(R_1^2 + R_2^2)$$

(f) Solid cylinder



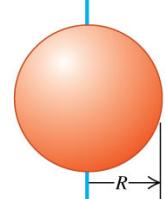
$$I = \frac{1}{2}MR^2$$

(g) Thin-walled hollow
cylinder



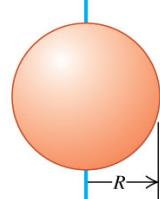
$$I = MR^2$$

(h) Solid sphere



$$I = \frac{2}{5}MR^2$$

(i) Thin-walled hollow
sphere



$$I = \frac{2}{3}MR^2$$