

# Saturn and Ice Giants



# Poll everywhere

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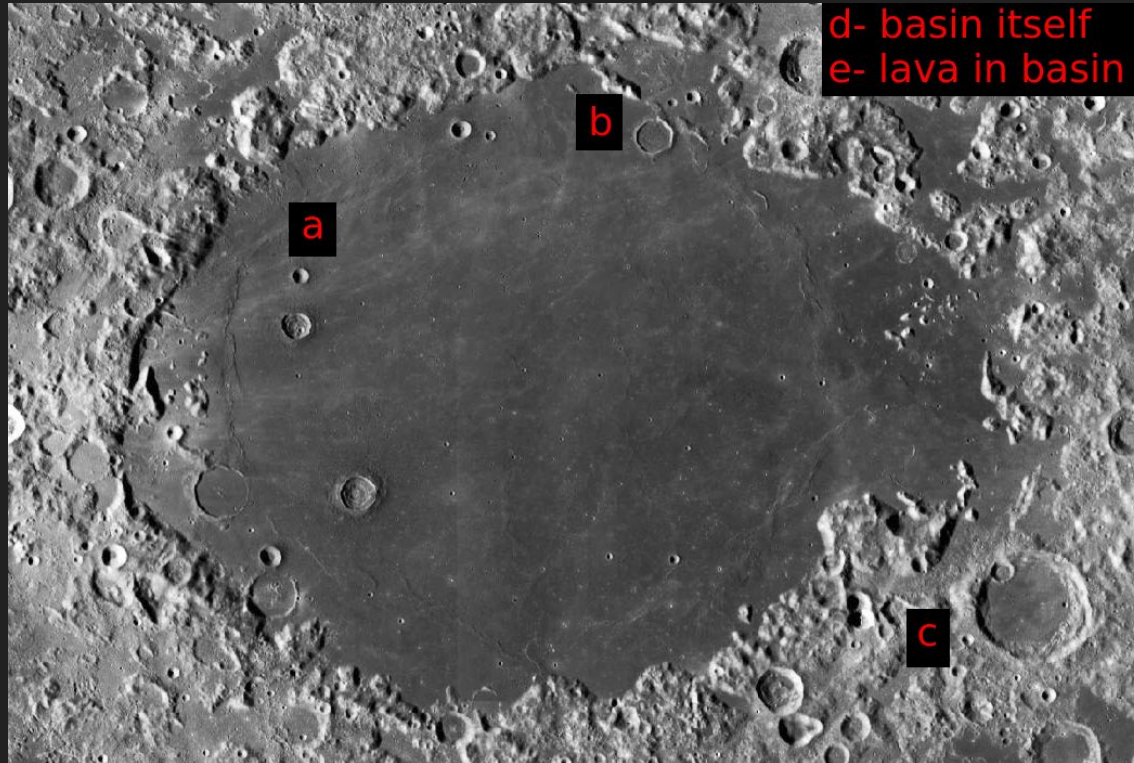


# Poll everywhere



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d- basin itself  
e- lava in basin

*Mare Crisium, Moon*

# Poll everywhere

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results

# Saturn

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Saturn (left) and Jupiter (right) at twilight

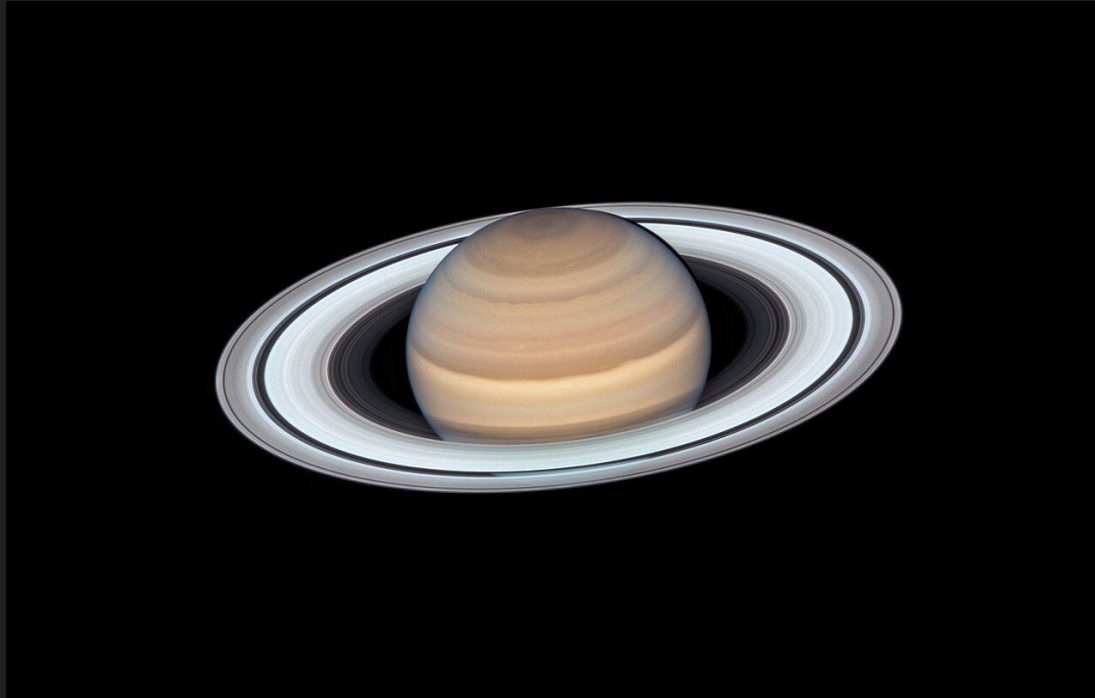
# Saturn

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Saturn in visible light, *HST*

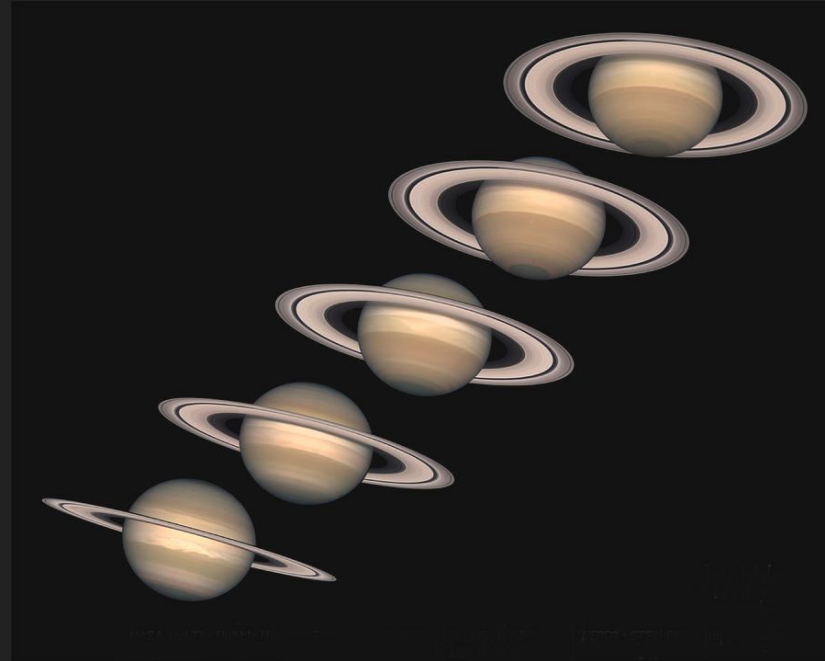
# Saturn

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Saturn axial tilt timelapse

# Saturn



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Saturn in near infrared, *JWST*



# Saturn- Orbit

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- Named after the Roman god of wealth, Saturn
- 95 times the mass of Earth.
- 120, 540 km in diameter.

# Saturn- Orbit

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1. Saturn has mass 95 times the mass of the Earth, and diameter 120, 540 km. Calculate the density of Saturn, in  $\text{kg m}^{-3}$ . Earth has mass  $5.98 \times 10^{24}$  kg. Hint: Volume of a sphere is  $V = \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3$ .

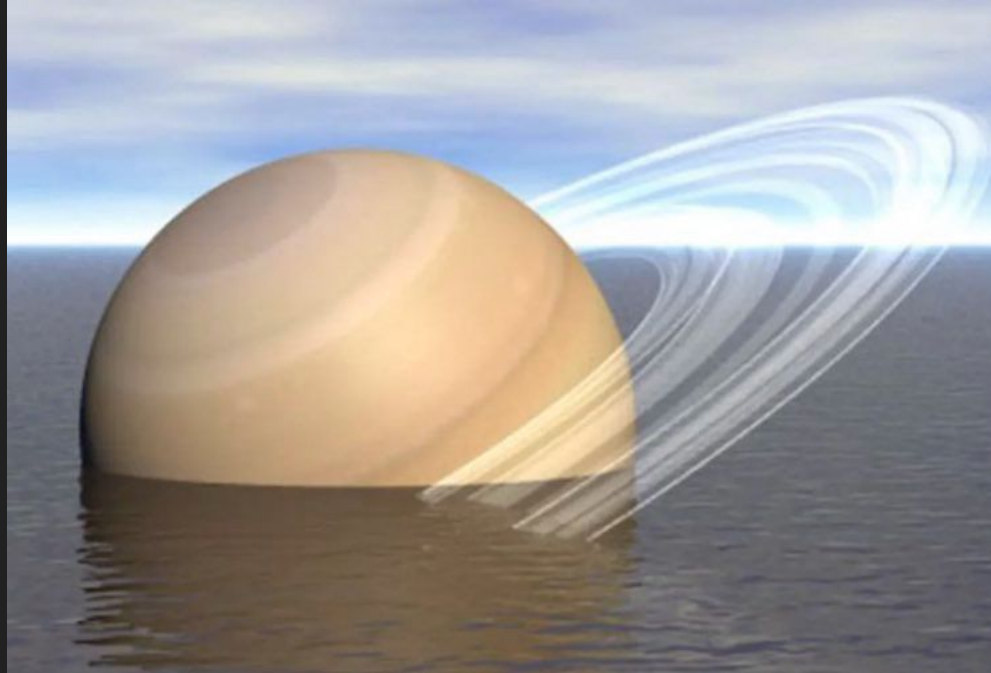
# Saturn- Orbit

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Saturn would float in water



# Saturn- Orbit

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- Named after the Roman god of wealth, Saturn
- 95 times the mass of Earth.
- 120, 540 km in diameter.
- Saturnian day- 10.7 hours
- Semi-major axis 9.5 AU
- Saturnian year- 29.5 Earth years
- Orbital eccentricity of 0.056
- Axial tilt of  $27^\circ$
- 274 moons (most are tiny, 10-100 km)

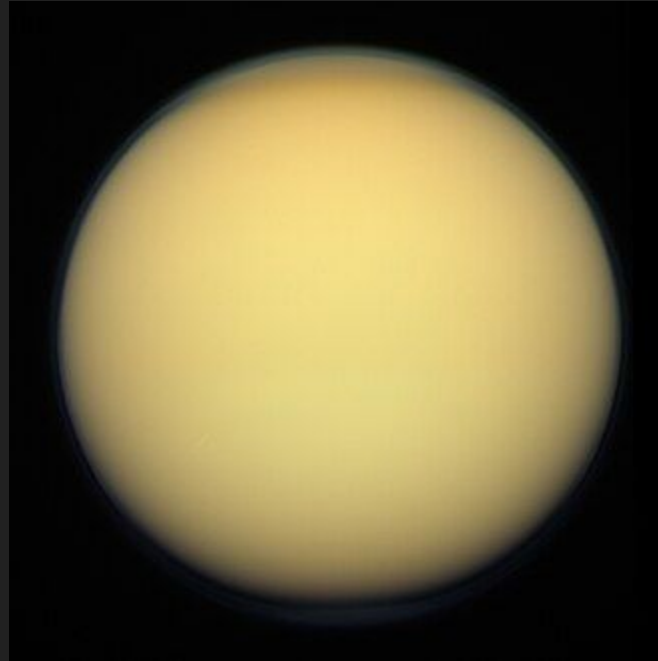
# Saturn- Titan

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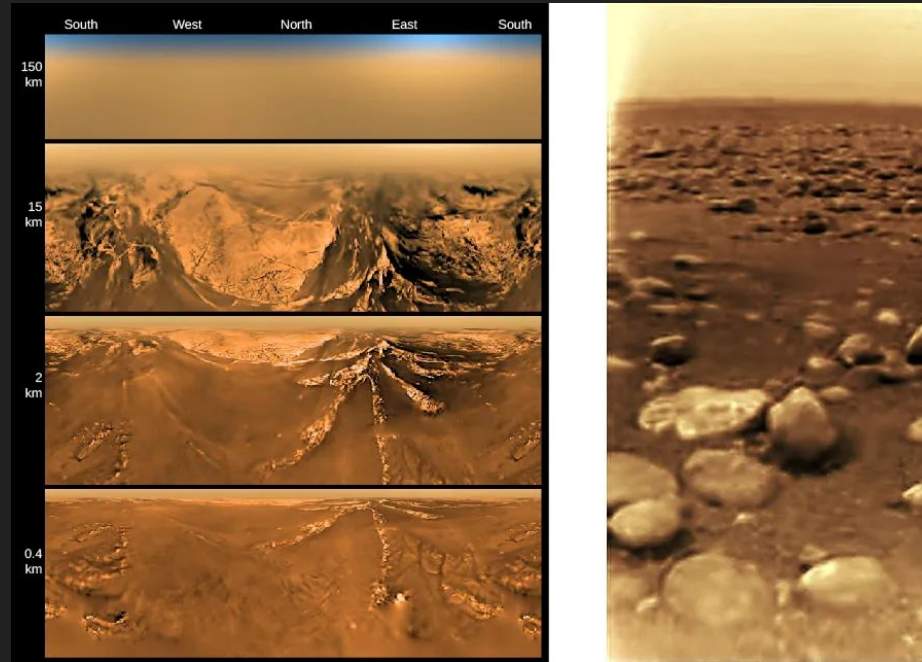
Titan, Cassini orbiter.

# Saturn- Titan



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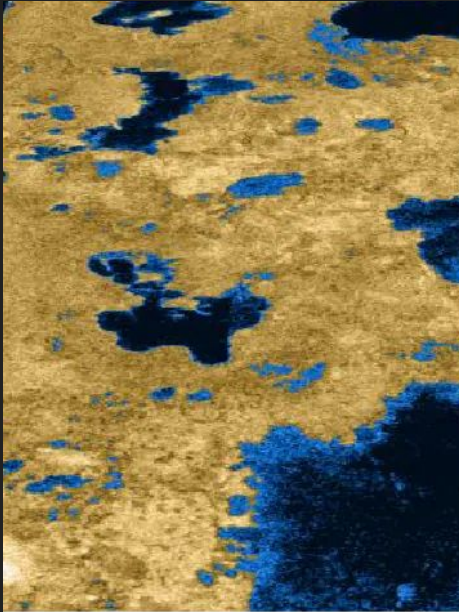
Titan descent.

# Saturn- Titan

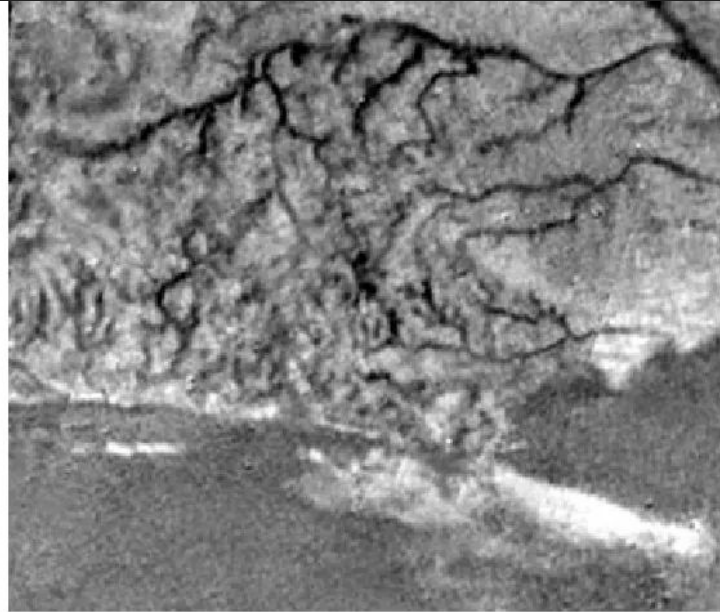


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(a)



(b)

Hydrocarbon lakes, meth- and ethane rain/water.

# Uranus

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Uranus in the night sky



# Uranus

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Uranus captured by Voyager 2

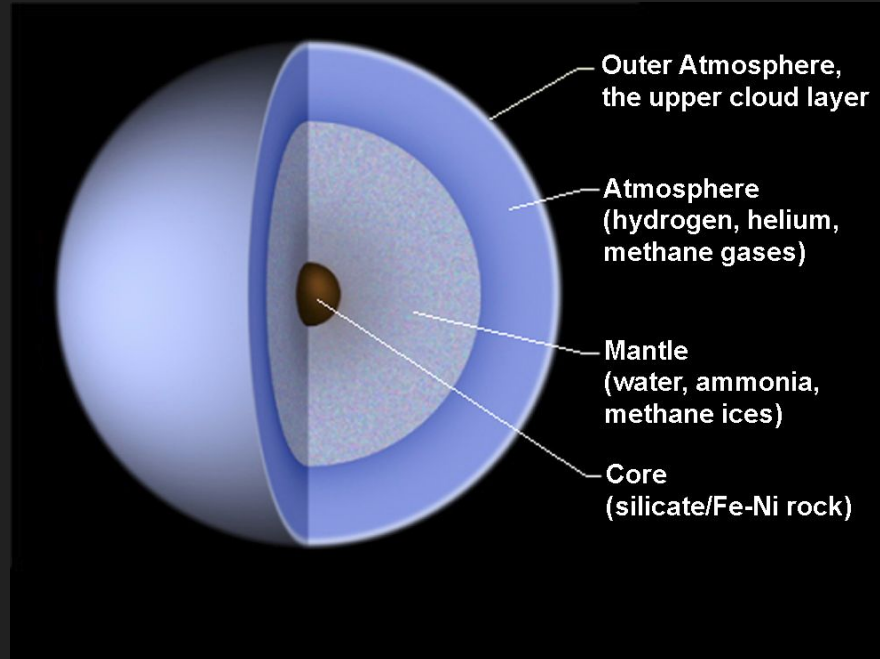
# Ice Giant- layers

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- Less hydrogen than gas giants, weak magnetic field

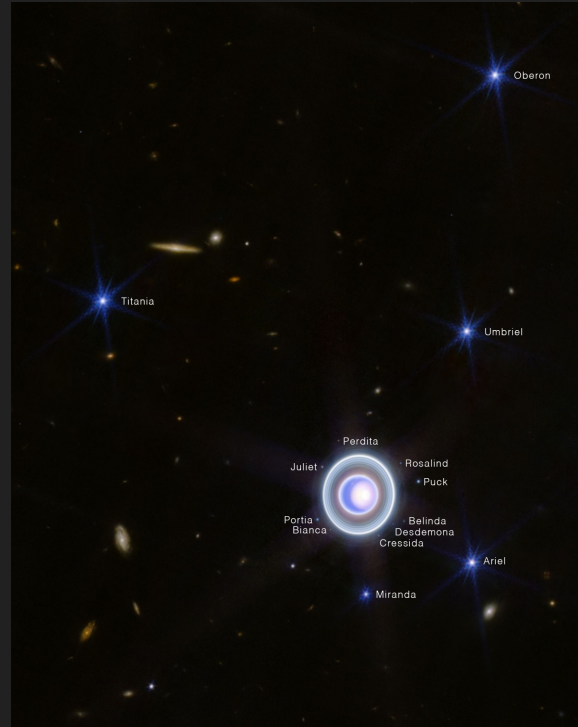
# Uranus

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Uranus and her moons in near infrared, *JWST*



# Uranus- orbit

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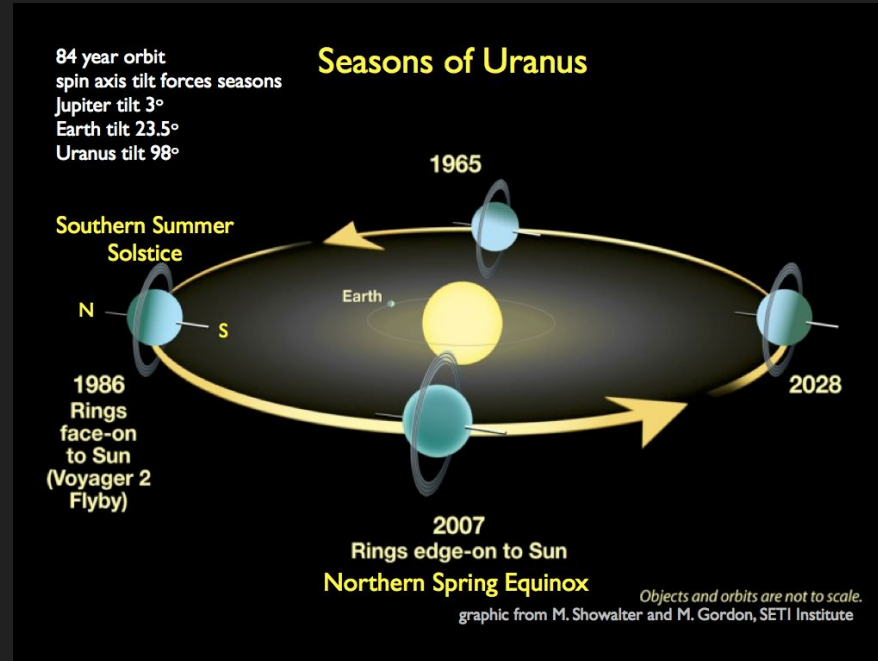
- Named after the Greek god of sky, Oranos (Caelus in Latin).
- 14 times the mass of Earth.
- 51, 200 km in diameter.
- Uranian day- 17.2 hours
- Semi-major axis 19.2 AU
- Saturnian year- 84.1 Earth years
- Orbital eccentricity of 0.046
- Axial tilt of  $98^\circ$
- 28 moons.

# Uranus- seasons



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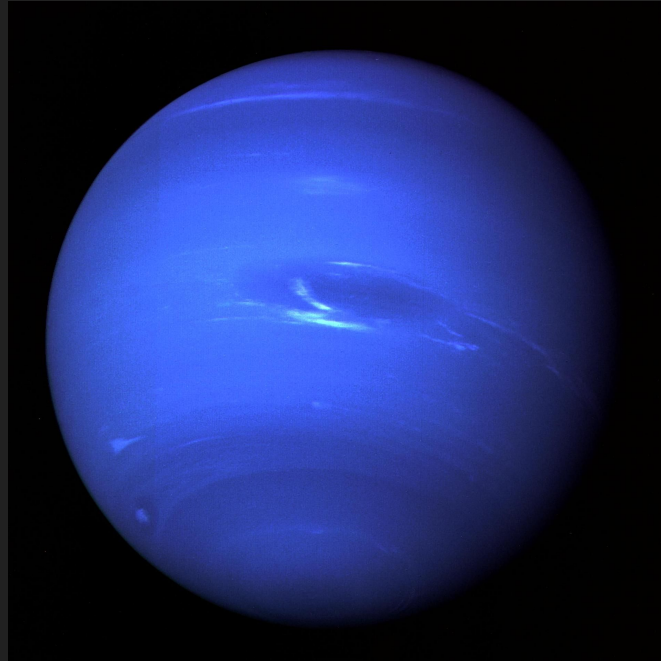
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Uranus at different points in its orbit

# Neptune

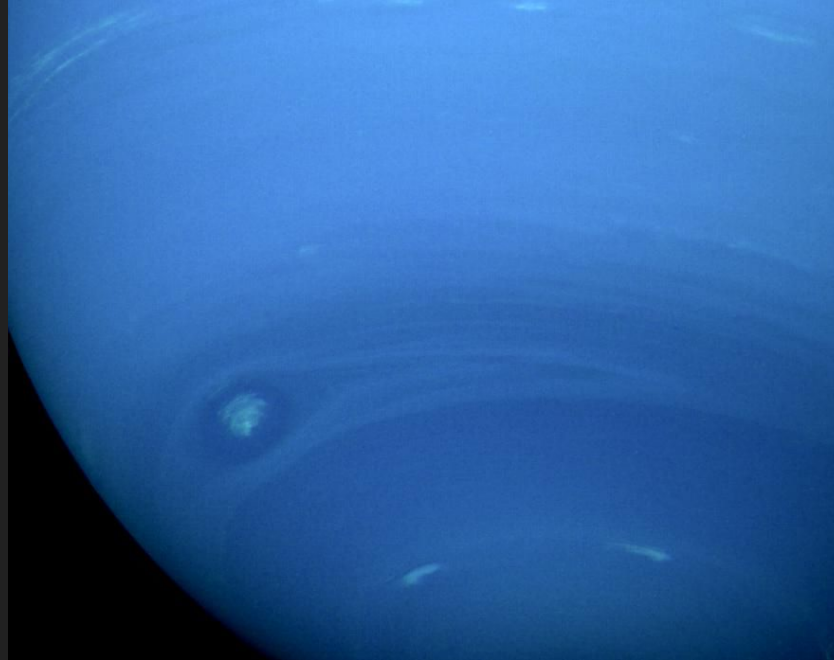
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Neptune captured by Voyager 2

# Neptune

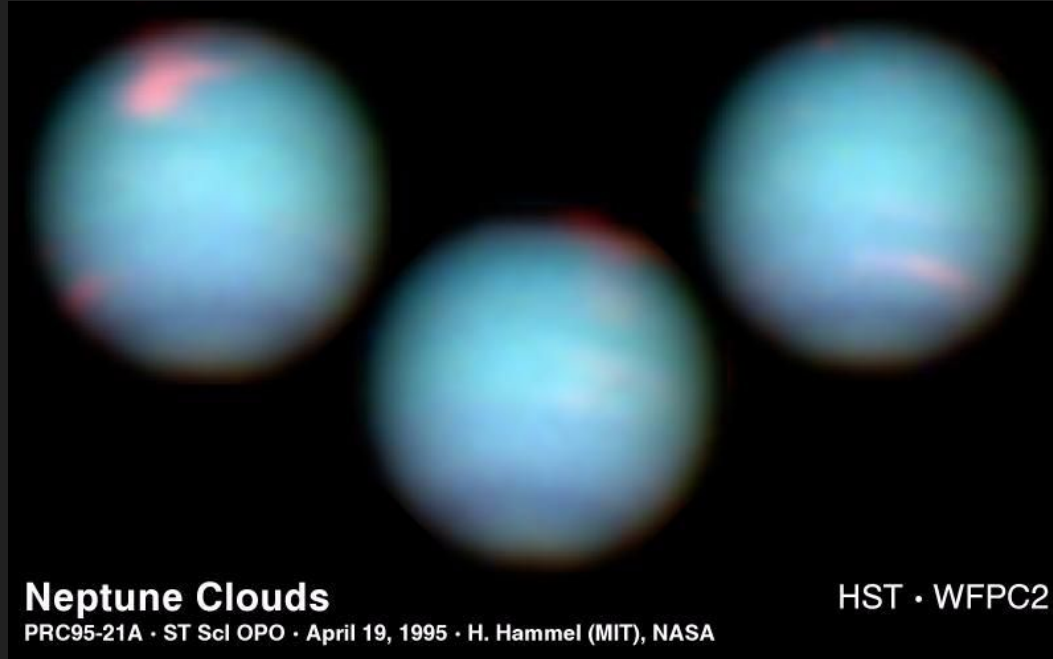
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Neptune storm captured by Voyager 2

# Neptune

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Neptune clouds in infrared, *HST*

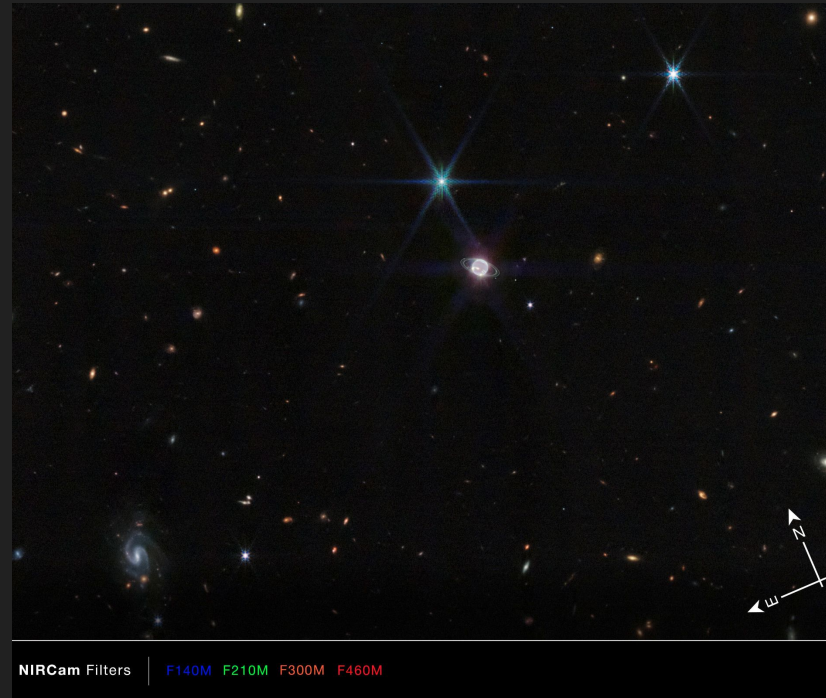


# Neptune



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Neptune in near infrared, JWST



# Neptune- orbit

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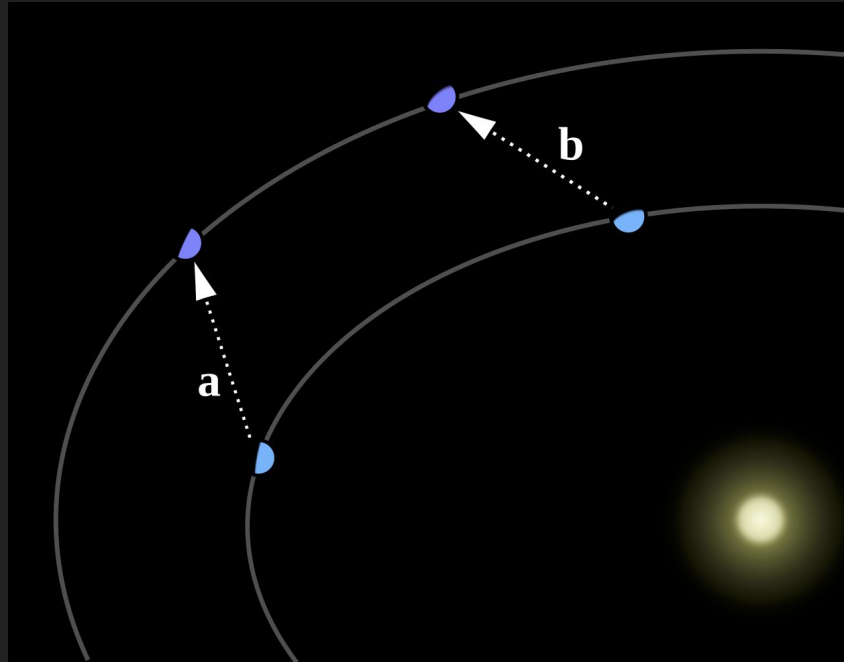
- Named after the Roman god of sea, Neptune.
- 17 times the mass of Earth.
- 49, 500 km in diameter.
- Neptunian day- 16.1 hours
- Semi-major axis 30.0 AU
- Neptunian year- 164.8 Earth years
- Orbital eccentricity of 0.01
- Axial tilt of  $28^\circ$
- 16 moons.

# Neptune- Perturbations in Neptune's orbit



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Neptune was predicted mathematically before it was confirmed.

# Announcements

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- Exam this Friday (3 October).
- Lab today.

# Next time

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- Exam review